

Figure 1 consists of 12 horizontal bar charts, each representing a different demographic or lifestyle category. The y-axis for all charts is 'Percentage' (0-100), and the x-axis is 'Age Group' (18-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, 65-74, 75+). The categories and their approximate data trends are as follows:

- 1. Age:** Shows the distribution of respondents across age groups. The 18-24 group is the largest, followed by 25-34, and then 35-44.
- 2. Gender:** Shows the percentage of respondents for Male and Female across age groups. Male percentages are generally higher than female percentages, especially in the 18-24 and 25-34 groups.
- 3. Education:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different education levels (High School, Bachelor's, Master's, PhD). The percentage of respondents with a Bachelor's degree increases with age.
- 4. Income:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different income brackets. The percentage of respondents in the highest income bracket increases with age.
- 5. Employment:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different employment statuses (Full-time, Part-time, Unemployed, Retired). The percentage of respondents who are retired increases with age.
- 6. Marital Status:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different marital statuses (Single, Married, Divorced, Widowed). The percentage of respondents who are married increases with age.
- 7. Religion:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different religious groups (Christian, Muslim, Hindu, Buddhist, Other). The percentage of respondents who are Christian is the highest across all age groups.
- 8. Ethnicity:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different ethnic groups (White, Black, Asian, Hispanic, Other). The percentage of respondents who are White is the highest across all age groups.
- 9. Health Status:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different health statuses (Excellent, Good, Fair, Poor). The percentage of respondents in 'Excellent' health decreases with age, while the percentage in 'Poor' health increases.
- 10. Living Arrangements:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different living arrangements (Alone, With Family, With Friends, Other). The percentage of respondents living alone increases with age.
- 11. Social Media Usage:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different social media platforms (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, LinkedIn, Other). The percentage of respondents who use Facebook is the highest across all age groups.
- 12. Travel Habits:** Shows the percentage of respondents for different travel frequencies (Frequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never). The percentage of respondents who travel frequently decreases with age.

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